

FORM PTO-1390 (Modified) (REV 10-95)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER TPP 30566
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371			U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR 09/254600
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/IL97/00301	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 10 Sept 1997 (10.09.97)	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 12 Sept 1996 (12.09.96)	
TITLE OF INVENTION PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION FOR THE TREATMENT OF SYNDROME X OF REAVEN			
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US COHEN, Yarom			
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1). 4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date. 5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. <input type="checkbox"/> is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> has been transmitted by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). 6. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). 7. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210). 8. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. <input type="checkbox"/> are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). b. <input type="checkbox"/> have been transmitted by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. d. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made. 9. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). 10. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)). 11. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409). 12. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)). 			
Items 13 to 18 below concern document(s) or information included:			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. 14. <input type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. 15. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment. A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. 16. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification. 17. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. 18. <input type="checkbox"/> Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail 19. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information: 			
<p>(a.) Verified Statement (Declaration) Claiming Small Entity Status - Independent Inventor</p> <p>(b.) Form PCT/IB/308</p> <p>(c.) Sequence Listing</p> <p>(d.) Sequence Listing as attached to EPO communication of February 27, 1998</p>			

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR	INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/IL97/00301	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER TPP 30566
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20. The following fees are submitted:				CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY	
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)) :					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO		\$840.00		
<input type="checkbox"/>	International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482)		\$670.00		
<input type="checkbox"/>	No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2))		\$760.00		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO		\$970.00		
<input type="checkbox"/>	International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4)		\$96.00		
ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =				\$840.00	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (e)). <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30				\$0.00	
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE		
Total claims	58 - 20 =	38	x \$18.00	\$684.00	
Independent claims	2 - 3 =	0	x \$78.00	\$0.00	
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable). <input type="checkbox"/>				\$0.00	
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =				\$1,524.00	
Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28) (check if applicable). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				\$762.00	
SUBTOTAL =				\$762.00	
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)). <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30				\$0.00	
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =				\$762.00	
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) (check if applicable). <input type="checkbox"/>				\$0.00	
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =				\$762.00	
				Amount to be: refunded	\$
				charged	\$

- ☒ A check in the amount of **\$762.00** to cover the above fees is enclosed.
- ☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. _____ in the amount of _____ to cover the above fees.
A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. **19-4375** A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

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SIGNATURE

Thomas P. Pavelko

NAME

31,689

REGISTRATION NUMBER

March 11, 1999

DATE

09/254600

300 Reg'd PCT/PTO 11 MAR 1999

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re the Application of

Yarom COHEN

Attn: PCT Branch

Serial No.: National Stage Application based on
International Application PCT/IL97/00301

Filed: March 10, 1999

For: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION FOR THE TREATMENT OF SYNDROME X
OF REAVEN

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Honorable Commissioner of
Patents and Trademarks
Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

Prior to conducting an examination on the merits and calculating the filing fee, please
amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS

Claim 2, line 1, after "composition" insert --according to claim 1, further--.

Claim 3, line 1, after "composition" insert --according to claim 1, further--.

Claim 4, line 1, delete "or 3".

Claim 5, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 6, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 7, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 8, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 9, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 10, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 11, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

09/254600 031199

Claim 12, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 13, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 14, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 15, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 16, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 17, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 18, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 19, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 20, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 21, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 22, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 23, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 24, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 25, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 26, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 27, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 28, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 29, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 30, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 31, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 32, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 33, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 34, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 35, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 36, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 37, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 38, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 39, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 40, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 41, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 42, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 43, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 44, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 45, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 46, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 47, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 48, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 49, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 50, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 51, lines 1-2, change "any of Claims 1 to 4" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 52, line 2, change "applying" to --administering--; and

line 3, change "any of Claims 1 to 51" to read --Claim 1--.

Claim 55, line 1, change "any of Claims 52 to 54" to read --Claim 52--.

Please amend claim 58 as follows:

58. (Amended) The method of formulating a composition containing [Use of] a compound selected among somatostatin or one of its analogs (as herein defined), diazoxide or

one of its analogs (as herein defined), cyclothiazide or one of its analogs (as herein defined) and metformin in a preparation for the treatment of the risk factors of syndrome X of Reaven [substantially as described in the specification].

REMARKS

The foregoing Amendment eliminates multiple claim dependency thereby reducing the filing fee and places the claims in better condition for examination under U.S. practice.

Respectfully submitted,



Thomas P. Pavelko
Registration No. 31,689

TPP:mat
Attorney Docket No.: TPP 30566

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Date: March 11, 1999

Applicant or Patentee: YAROM COHEN

Serial or Patent No.: _____ Attorney's
Docket No.: _____

Filed or Issued: _____

For: _____

**VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY
STATUS (37 CFR 1.9(f) and 1.27(b)) - INDEPENDENT INVENTOR**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that I qualify as an independent inventor as defined in 37 CFR 1.9(c) for purposes of paying reduced fees under Section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, to the Patent and Trademark Office with regard to the invention entitled:

described in:

- ☐ the specification filed herewith
- ☐ application serial no. _____, filed _____
- ☐ patent no. _____, issued _____

I have not assigned, granted, conveyed or licensed and am under no obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey or license, any rights in the invention to any person who could not be classified as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) if that person had made the invention, or to any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

Each person, concern or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under an obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

- ☐ no such person, concern, or organization
- ☐ persons, concerns or organizations listed below*

***NOTE:** Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities.
(37 CFR 1.27)

00945500-03199

FULL NAME YAROM COHEN

ADDRESS HAPRAGIM STREET 6, 52960 RAMAT EFAL, ISRAEL
[] INDIVIDUAL [] SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN NON PROFIT ORGANIZATION

FULL NAME _____

ADDRESS _____
[] INDIVIDUAL [] SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN NON PROFIT ORGANIZATION

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

YAROM COHEN

NAME OF INVENTOR

Yarom Cohen

Signature

7TH MARCH, 1999

Date

03254660-03199

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION FOR
THE TREATMENT OF SYNDROM X OF REAVEN

The present invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition comprising as active ingredient a compound selected among somatostatin or one of its analogs (as herein defined), diazoxide or one of its analogs (as herein defined), cyclothiazide or one of its analogs (as herein defined) and metformin, for the treatment of syndrome X of Reaven (also called "Hyper Insulinemia syndrome" or "The Deadly Quartet").

Somatostatin and its analogs, e.g. octreotide, are known for the treatment of the reduction of the secretion of Insulin caused by insulimomas. Moreover, they are known for the treatment of certain tumors, gastrointestinal diseases, etc. However, their effectivity for the reduction of the resistance to insulin has so far not been known.

It is also known that Diazoxide, Cyclothiazide and Metformin achieve the reduction of the resistance to Insulin. Moreover, it is known that Metformin is used in the treatment of Diabetes and reduces risk factors in cardiovascular diseases in NIDDM.

Diazoxide, Cyclothiazide and Metformin have the following formulae:

- a. Diazoxide: 7-chloro-3-methyl-2,4,1,2,4-benzothio-diazine 1,1-dioxide.
- b. Cyclothiazide: 3-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-yl-6-chloro-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide 1,1-dioxide.
- c. Metformin: N,N-Dimethylimidodicarbonimide diamide.

However, those compounds have so far not been known for the treatment of the risk factors of syndrome X of Reaven.

Syndrome X includes, inter alia, the following risk factors:

- a. excessive blood pressure; b. dislipidemia, i.e. increase of the amount of Triglycerides in the blood, reduction of the amount of HDL and increase of the amount of LDL, c. excessive blood

coagulation due to Plasminogen Activator Inhibitor-1 (PAI-1) increased in the blood; d. central obesity; e. Glucose intolerances - from occult Diabetes to overt Diabetes f. increase of Insulin in the blood, i.e. the pancreas secretes more Insulin in order to overcome high Insulin resistance.

All the risk factors of syndrome X of Reaven are, inter alia, caused by a high resistance to Insulin. Thus, apparently said symptoms could be treated simultaneously if there would be a reduction to the resistance to Insulin.

Said risk factors either separately but mostly in combination are decisive factors in the appearance of Ischemic Heart disease, e.g. Angina Pectoris, Myocard Infarct; Cerebral Vascular Diseases and the like.

Until now, all said risk factors had to be treated separately as there was no pharmaceutical composition which could treat simultaneously all of them. However, said separate treatments are not always effective as very often the treatment of one risk factor severs the condition of another risk factor. It has therefore been desirable to find a pharmaceutical composition which can treat simultaneously all the various risk factors which are included in syndrome X of Reaven.

We have now found that due to the fact that the reduction of the resistance to Insulin can be achieved by administering a compound selected among somatostatin or one of its analogs (as herein defined), diazoxide or one of its analogs (as herein defined), cyclothiazide or one of its analogs (as herein defined) and metformin, said treatment may enable the treatment of all risk factors of syndrome X of Reaven simultaneously.

The present invention thus consists in pharmaceutical preparations for the treatment of the risk factors of syndrome X of Reaven comprising as active ingredient a compound selected among somatostatin or one of its analogs (as herein defined), diazoxide or one of its analogs (as herein defined), cyclothiazide or one of its analogs (as herein defined) and metformin.

The present invention also comprises the use of a compound selected among somatostatin or one of its analogs (as herein defined), diazoxide or one of its analogs (as herein defined),

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cyclothiazide or one of its analogs (as herein defined) and metformin in the preparation of a pharmaceutical preparation for the treatment of the risk factors of syndrome X of Reaven.

Analogues of somatostatin in connection with the present invention mean any analog compound of somatostatin which biologically activate one or more somatostatin receptors. Said receptors cause the reduction of the resistance to Insulin and thus enable the combined treatment of all risk factors of syndrome X of Reaven and are thus effective in primarily & secondary preventing and/or treating Ischemic Heart disease, such as, Angina Pectoris, Myocard Infarcts ; Cerebral Vascular Diseases, etc.

As receptors there should be mentioned, inter alia, the following human somatostatin receptors, which are described in Steven W.J. Lamberts, et al. 1996. Octreotide.. The New England Journal Med. Jan. 25. pp. 246-54. These receptors are:

1. hSSTR1

Present in the brain, lung, stomach, jejunum, kidneys, liver and pancreas. It is located on chromosome 14q13.

It has 391 amino acids and its formula is given in Yamada et. al., Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, 1993, Vol. 195, No. 2., pages 844-852.

2. hSSTR2

Present in the brain and in the kidneys, It is located on chromosome 17q24. It has 369 amino acids and its formula is given in Yamada.

3. hSSTR3

Present in the brain and in the pancreas. It is located on chromosome 22q13.1. It has 418 amino acids and its formula is given in Yamada.

4. hSSTR4

Present in the brain and in the lung. It is located on chromosome 20. It has 388 amino acids and its molecular weight is 41,867. Its formula is given in Yamada.

5. hSSTR4

Present in the brain, heart, adrenal glands, placenta, pituitary, small intestines and skeletal muscles. It is located on chromosome 20p11.2. It has 364 amino acids,

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its molecular weight is 39,176 and its formula is given in Yamada.

All receptors have common features:

1. They have a similarity in the configuration in the seven areas which do extend out of the membrane TM1....TM7)
2. Asp-Arg-Tyr at the end of the NH -terminal of the second loop which is in the cell.
3. Aspartic acid (Asp) is located in the third loop outside the cell.

The receptors which are especially important in reducing the Insulin resistance are receptors 2 and 5, also but less receptor 3. Receptors 1 and 4 are less important in this respect.

The use of somatostatin is not always satisfactory as it is effective only for a short time. Therefore the use of Octreotide, the most known analog of somatostatin or of another long acting Somatostatin, is preferred.

The analogs of somatostatin should comprise the chain D-Trp-Lys. Said chain constitute the critical core of the active analogs and is essential for the activation of the receptors.

Most analogs comprise the chain Phe-D-Trp-Lys.

Many analogs comprise the chain Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr being present in positions 7 - 10 of Somatostatin 14.

Suitable analogs of somatostatin being part of the pharmaceutical composition according to the present invention are, for example, :

1. Octreotide.
2. Vapreotide.
3. Lanreotide.
4. Cyclopeptide somatostatin analogues selected among :
 Cyclo[Pro-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe]
 Cyclo[N-Me-Ala-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe]
 Cyclo[Pro-Ala-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe]
 Cyclo[Pro-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe]
 Cyclo[Pro-Phe-D-Trp-Lys- β -aminobutyric-Phe]
 Cyclo[N-Me-Ala-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe]
 Cyclo[Pro-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe]
 Cyclo[D-Ala-D-Phe-D-Trp-L-Lys-D-Thr-N-Me-D-Phe]

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Cyclo[Pro-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr(Bzl)]
 Cyclo[Pro-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe]
 Cyclo[Pro-D-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr(Bzl)]
 Cyclo[Ahep-Lys-Asn-Phe-Phe-Trp-Lys-Thr-
 Tyr-Thr-Ser]
 Cyclo[Ahep-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr(Bzl)]
 Cyclo[Ahep-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr]
 Cyclo[Ahep-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Ser(Bzl)]
 Cyclo[Ahex-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr(Bzl)]
 Cyclo[Aoct-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr(Bzl)]
 Cyclo[Ala-Cys-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys]

(Bzl = (a))

(Ahep = (b))

(Ahex = (c))

(Aoct = (d))

- (a) Bzl = benzyl
 (b) Ahep = 7-aminoheptanoyl
 (c) Ahex = 6-aminohexanoyl
 (d) Aoct = 8-amino-octanoyl;

5. D-Phe-[Cys-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys]-Thr-ol
6. D-Nal-[Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys]-Thr-NH₂
7. D-Phe-[Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys]-Nal-NH₂
8. D-Phe-[Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys]-Nal-NH₂
9. D-Phe-[Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Abu-Cys]-Nal-NH₂
10. D-Phe-[Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Ser-Cys]-Nal-NH₂
11. D-Nal-[Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys]-Nal-NH₂
12. c(Ahep-Trp-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe)
13. D-Phe-Cpa-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-NH₂
14. D-Phe-Cpa-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe-Thr-NH₂
15. D-Phe-Phe-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-NH₂
16. D-Phe-Phe-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe-Thr-NH₂
17. D-Phe-Phe-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe-D-Nal-NH₂
18. D-Phe-Ala-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Ala-Nal-NH₂
19. D-Phe-Phe-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe-Thr-NH₂
20. D-Phe-Phe-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-NH₂
21. D-Phe-Phe-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe-D-Nal-NH₂

(Nal = (1))

(Abu = (2))

(Ahep = (3))

(Cpa = (4))

- (1) Nal L-3(2-naphthyl)alanine
 (2) Abu L- α -amino-n-butyric acid
 (3) Ahep 7-aminoheptanoic acid
 (4) Cpa L-p-chlorophenylalanine

22. Polypeptides of the formula:

X-Lys-Asn-Phe-Phe-A-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Y

wherein A is L- or D-Trp,

X is H-(Aeg)_m-Cys- or H-(Aeg)_m-Ala-Gly-Cys-,

Y is -Cys-(Aeg)_n-OH or

X and Y taken together are a 2-aminoethyl-glycyl
group in the ring position and

m and n are 0, 1, 2, provided that

m and n are at least 1,

and their cyclic disulfide derivatives.

23. A peptide of the formula:

Bmp-Lys-X-Phe-Phe-trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-Y-Cys-OH

3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

in which

Bmp represents the desaminocysteine radical,

X represents Asn,

trp represents D-Trp that may be substituted
in the benzene ring by a halogen atom, and

Y represents the radical of an alpha-(lower alkyl)amino-
(lower alkyl)-carboxylic acid having a minimum of 4 and
a maximum of 8 carbon atoms, in which the two lower
alkyl radicals can be connected to one another with a
single C-C bond, an oxygen atom or a sulphur (II) atom.

24. Cyclic octapeptides of the formula

Asn-Phe-Phe-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Gaba(Ar)

5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

in which

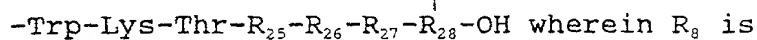
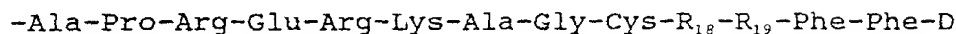
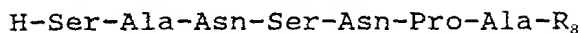
Trp represents L-Trp or D-Trp, in which the
benzene ring may be substituted by a
fluorine atom, and

Gaba(Ar) represents the residue of a -aminobutyric
acid substituted by a cyclic hydrocarbyl
radical Ar selected from the group consisting
of cyclohexyl; phenyl optionally substituted
by halogen, nitro or phenoxy; and naphthyl

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optionally substituted by halogen.

25. A compound of formula

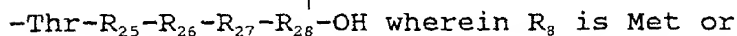
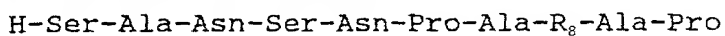


Met or Leu, R_{18} is Lys or des R_{18} , R_{19} is Asn or

des R_{19} , R_{25} is Phe or Tyr, R_{26} is Thr or des

R_{26} , R_{27} is Ser or D-Ser and R_{28} is D-Cys or Cys.

26. A compound of formula

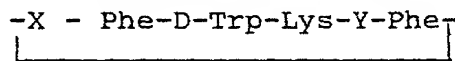


Leu, R_{18} is Lys or des R_{18} , R_{19} is Asn or des

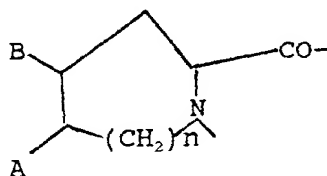
R_{19} , R_{25} is Phe or Tyr, R_{26} is Thr or des R_{26} ,

R_{27} is Ser or D-Ser and R_{28} is D-Cys or Cys, or the linear version thereof where the disulfide bridge is replaced by hydrogen.

27. A cyclic hexapeptide of the formula



in which X represents the radical of an L-aminoacid of the formula



in which A and B are identical or different and denote alkyl

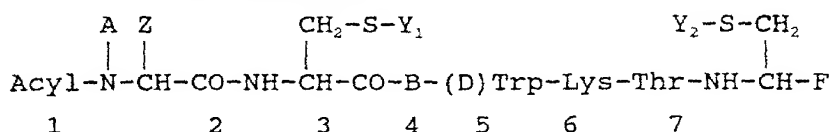
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having 1 to 3 carbon atoms, or A and B together represent a saturated, unsaturated or aromatic monocyclic or bicyclic structure having 3 to 6 carbon atoms,

n denotes 0 or 1, and

Y represents an aliphatic or aromatic L-aminoacid the side-chain of which can be hydroxylated, said amino acid being selected from the group consisting of L-alanine, L-serine, L-valine, L-leucine, L-isoleucine, L-phenylalanine and L-tyrosine.

28. An N-acyl-polypeptide of formula,



wherein

"Acyl" is a group of formula $\text{R}^{\text{I}}\text{CO-}$ wherein R^{I} is C_{1-20} alkyl or phenyl; a group of formula $\text{R}^{\text{II}}\text{SO}_2\text{-}$ wherein R^{II} is C_{1-20} alkyl, phenyl or tolyl; a group

R^{III}

N-CO- wherein

R^{IV}

R^{III} and R^{IV} are each independently hydrogen

or C_{1-10} alkyl; or biotinyl,

A is hydrogen or C_{1-3} alkyl,

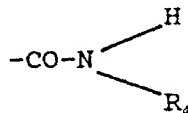
$>\text{N-CH(Z)-CO-}$ is an (L)- or (D)-phenylalanine residue optionally ring-substituted by NO_2 , or an (L) or (D)-norleucine residue,

whereby

Z in $>\text{N-CH(Z)-CO-}$ represents the remainder of said residue,

B is -Phe- optionally ring-substituted by NO_2 ,

F is a group of formula



wherein R_4 is hydrogen or a group of formula

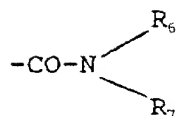
$-\text{CH(R}_5\text{)-X}$,

R_5 is $\text{CH}_3\text{CH(OH)-}$, i-butyl or benzyl

X is a group of formula $-\text{COOR}_1$,

$-\text{CH}_2\text{OR}_2$ or

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wherein R_1 , R_6 and R_7 are each hydrogen or C_{1-3} alkyl, and

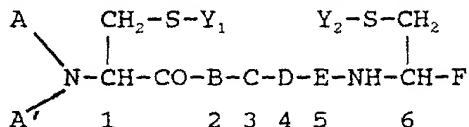
R_2 is hydrogen or the residue of a physiologically acceptable, physiologically hydrolysable ester,

the group $-\text{CH}(\text{R}_5)-\text{X}$ having the (D)- or (L)-configuration, and

Y_1 and Y_2 are each hydrogen or together represent a direct bond, whereby the residue resides in the 2- and 7-position each independently have the (L)- or (D)-configuration, and with the proviso that:

- i) (L)- and/or (D)-cysteine residues are present at the 2- and 7-positions only.

29. A polypeptide of the formula



wherein

A is C_{1-12} alkyl, C_{7-10} phenylalkyl or a group of formula $\text{RCO}-$, whereby

- i) R is hydrogen, C_{1-11} alkyl, phenyl or C_{7-10} phenylalkyl, or
- ii) $\text{RCO}-$ is a) an L- or D-phenylalanine residue optionally ring-substituted by halogen and/or C_{1-3} alkyl,
 - b) H-Asn-, or
 - c) H-Nle-Asn-,
 - the α -amino group of amino acid residues a) and b) and the N-terminal amino group of dipeptide residues c) being optionally mono- or di- C_{1-12} alkylated,

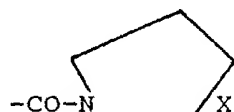
A' is hydrogen or, when A is C_{1-12} alkyl or

C_{7-10} phenylalkyl, also C_{1-12} alkyl or C_{7-10} phenylalkyl,

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- B is -Phe-optionally ring-substituted by halogen and/or C_{1-3} alkyl,
- C is -(L)- or -(D)-Trp- optionally α -N-methylated and optionally benzene-ring-substituted by halogen and/or C_{1-3} alkyl,
- D is -Lys- optionally α -N-methylated and optionally Σ -N- C_{1-3} -alkylated,
- E is -Thr- or -Ala- each in (D)- or (L)-form and each being optionally α -N-methylated,

F is a group of formula $-\text{COOR}_1$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OR}_2$, $-\text{CO}-\text{N} \begin{array}{l} \nearrow \text{R}_3 \\ \searrow \text{R}_4 \end{array}$ or



wherein R_1 is hydrogen or C_{1-3} alkyl,

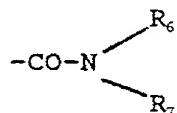
R_2 is hydrogen or the residue of a physiologically acceptable, physiologically hydrolysable ester,

R_3 is hydrogen, C_{1-3} alkyl, phenyl or C_{7-10} -phenylalkyl,

R_4 is hydrogen, C_{1-3} alkyl or, when R_3 is hydrogen or methyl, also a group of formula $-\text{CH}(\text{R}_5)-\text{X}$,

R_5 is hydrogen, $-(\text{CH}_2)_2-\text{OH}$, $-(\text{CH}_2)_3-\text{OH}$, $-\text{CH}_2-\text{OH}$, $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{OH}$, isobutyl or benzyl

X is a group of formula $-\text{COOR}_1$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OR}_2$ or



wherein

R_1 and R_2 have the meanings given above,

R_6 is hydrogen or C_{1-3} alkyl and

R_7 is hydrogen, C_{1-3} alkyl, phenyl or

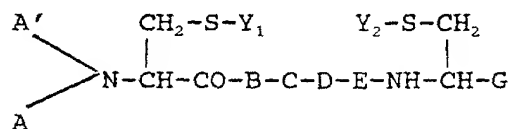
C_{7-10} phenylalkyl,

the group $-\text{CH}(\text{R}_5)-\text{X}$ having the D- or L- configuration, and Y_1 and Y_2 are each hydrogen or together represent a direct

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bond, whereby the residues in the 1- and 6-position each independently have the L- or D-configuration.

30. A compound of formula



wherein

A is C₁₋₁₂alkyl, C₇₋₁₀phenylalkyl or a group of formula RCO-, whereby

i) R is hydrogen, C₁₋₁₁alkyl, phenyl or C₇₋₁₀phenylalkyl or

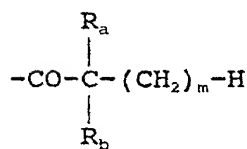
ii) RCO- is

- a) an L- or D-phenylalanine residue optionally ring-substituted by F, Cl, Br, NO₂, NH₂, OH, C₁₋₃alkyl and/or C₁₋₃alkoxy;
- b) the residue of a natural or synthetic α-amino acid other than defined under a) above or of a corresponding D-amino acid, or
- c) a dipeptide residue in which the individual amino acid residues are the same or different and are selected from those defined under a) and/or b) above,

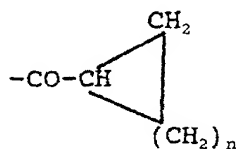
C₁₋₈alkanoyl,

A' is hydrogen,

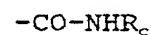
Y₁ and Y₂ represent together a direct bond or each of Y₁ and Y₂ is independently hydrogen or a radical of formulae (1) to (5).



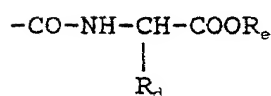
(1)



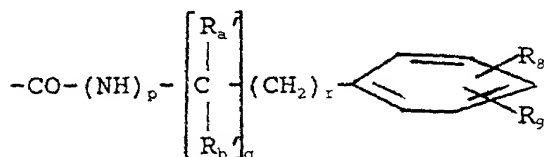
(2)



(3)



(4)

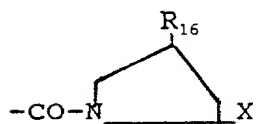
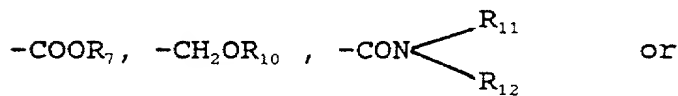


(5)

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wherein

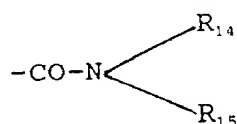
- R_a is methyl or ethyl
 R_b is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl
 m is a whole number from 1 to 4
 n is a whole number from 1 to 5
 R_c is (C_{1-6}) alkyl
 R_d represents the substituent attached to the α -carbon atom of a natural or synthetic α -amino acid (including hydrogen)
 R_e is (C_{1-5}) alkyl
 R_a' and R_b' are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl,
 R_8 and R_9 are independently hydrogen, halogen, (C_{1-3}) alkyl or (C_{1-3}) alkoxy,
 P is 0 or 1,
 q is 0 or 1, and
 r is 0, 1 or 2,
 B is -Phe- optionally ring-substituted by halogen, NO_2 , NH_2 , OH , C_{1-3} alkyl and/or C_{1-3} alkoxy (including pentafluoroalanine), or β -naphthyl-Ala
 C is (L)-Trp- or (d)-Trp- optionally α -N-methylated and optionally benzene-ring-substituted by halogen, NO_2 , NH_2 , OH , C_{1-3} alkyl and/or C_{1-3} alkoxy,
 D is Lys, Lys in which the side chain contains O or S in β -position, δ F-Lys or δ F-Lys, optionally α -N-methylated, or a 4-aminocyclohexylAla or 4-aminocyclohexylGly. residue
 E is The, Ser, Val, Phe, Ile or an aminoisobutyric or aminobutyric acid residue
 G is a group of formula



wherein

- R_7 is hydrogen or C_{1-3} alkyl,

- R_{10} is hydrogen or the residue of a physiologically acceptable, physiologically hydrolysable ester,
- R_{11} is hydrogen, C_{1-9} alkyl, phenyl or C_{7-10} phenyl-alkyl,
- R_{12} is hydrogen, C_{1-3} alkyl or a group of formula $-CH(R_{13})-X_1$,
- R_{13} is CH_2OH , $-(CH_2)_2-OH$, $-(CH_2)_3-OH$, or $-CH(CH_3)OH$ or represents the substituent attached to the α -carbon atom of a natural or synthetic α -amino acid (including hydrogen) and
- X_1 is a group of formula $-COOR_7$, $-CH_2OR_{10}$ or



wherein

R_7 and R_{10} have the meanings given above,

R_{14} is hydrogen or C_{1-3} alkyl and

R_{15} is hydrogen, C_{1-3} alkyl, phenyl or C_{7-10} phenylalkyl, and

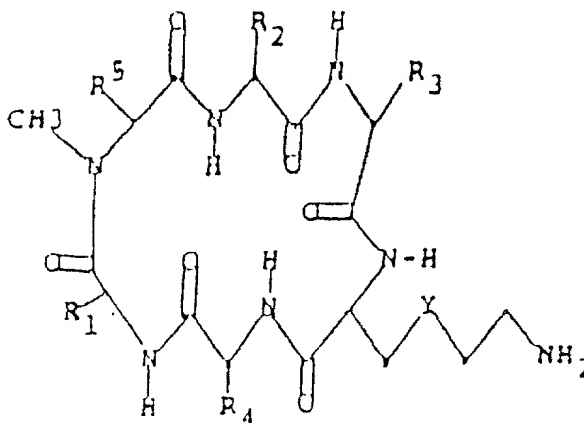
R_{16} is hydrogen or hydroxy,

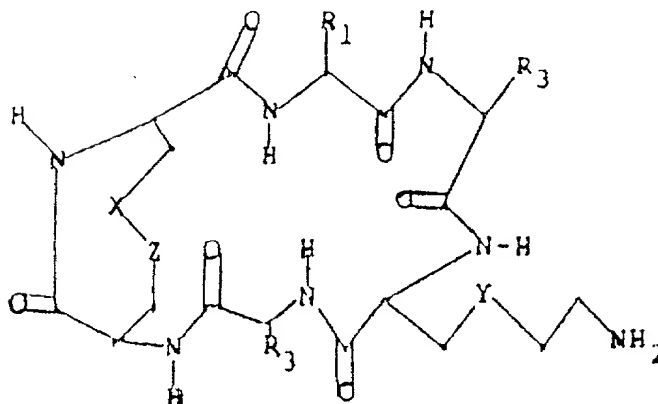
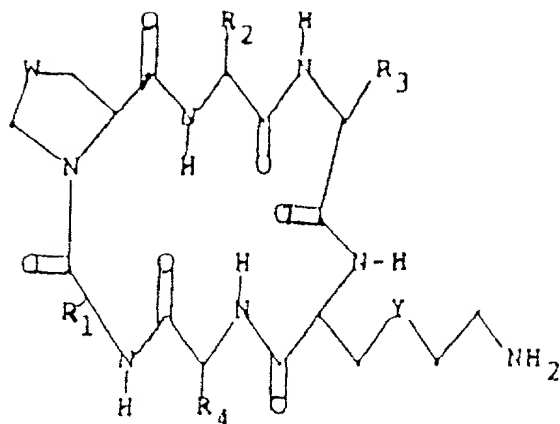
with the proviso that

when R_{12} is $-CH(R_{13})-X_1$ then R_{11} is hydrogen or methyl,

wherein the residues B, D and E have the L-configuration, and the residues in the 2-and 7-position and any residues Y_1 4) and Y_2 4) each independently have the (L)- or (D)- configuration.

31. A somatostatin analog selected from the compounds of the following formulae





wherein

W is

one of X and Z

Y is

each of R_1 and R_2

S or $(CH_2)_s$, where s is 0, 1 or 2;

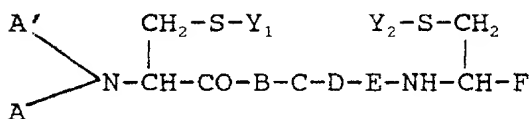
is S and the other is S or CH_2 ;

S or $(CH_2)_t$, where t is 0, 1 or 2;

independently of the other, is C_{1-5} alkyl, benzyl, benzyl having one or two C_{1-5} alkyl, halogen, hydroxy, amino, nitro, and/or C_{1-5} alkoxy substituents, or C_{1-5} alkyl substituted with 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic ring;

- R_3 is 3-indolymethyl, either unsubstituted or having C_{1-5} alkyl, C_{1-5} alkoxy or halogen substitution;
- R_4 C_{1-5} alkyl, C_{1-5} hydroxyalkyl, benzyl, carboxy-(C_{1-5} alkyl), amino (C_{1-5} alkyl) or benzyl having a C_{1-5} alkyl, halogen, hydroxy, amino, nitro and/or C_{1-5} alkoxy substituent;
- R_5 is C_{1-5} alkyl, benzyl, or benzyl having a C_{1-5} alkyl, halogen, hydroxy, amino, nitro, and/or C_{1-5} alkoxy substituent,

compounds of Formula



wherein

A is C_{1-12} alkyl, C_{7-10} phenylalkyl or a group of formula RCO-, whereby

i) R is hydrogen, C_{1-11} alkyl, phenyl or C_{7-10} phenylalkyl,

or

ii) RCO-is

a) an L- or D-phenylalanine residue optionally ring-substituted by F, Cl, Br, NO_2 , NH_2 , OH, C_{1-3} alkyl and/or C_{1-3} alkoxy

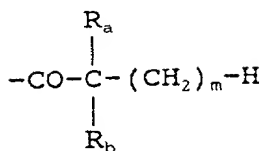
b) the residue of a natural α -amino acid other than defined under a) above or of a corresponding D-amino acid, or

c) a dipeptide residue in which the individual amino acid residues are the same or different and are selected from those defined under a) and/or b) above, the α -amino group or amino acid residues a) and b) and the N-terminal amino group of dipeptide residues c) being optionally mono- or di- C_{1-12} alkylated,

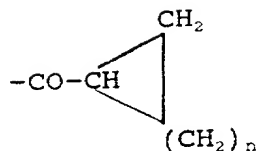
A' is hydrogen or, when A is C_{1-12} alkyl or C_{7-10} phenylalk- also C_{1-12} alkyl or C_{7-10} phenylalkyl,

Y_1 and Y_2 represent together a direct bond or

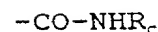
each of Y_1 and Y_2 is independently hydrogen or a radical of the formulae



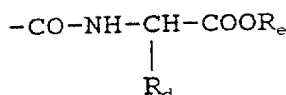
(1)



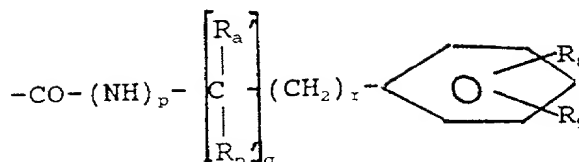
(2)



(3)



(4)



(5)

wherein R_a is methyl or ethyl

R_b is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl

m is a whole number from 1 to 4

n is a whole number from 1 to 5

R_c is (C_{1-6}) alkyl

R_d represents the substituent attached to the α -carbon atom of a natural α -amino acid (including hydrogen)

R_e is (C_{1-5}) alkyl

R_a' and R_b' are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl,

R_8 and R_9 are independently hydrogen, halogen, (C_{1-3}) alkyl or (C_{1-3}) alkoxy,

p is 0 or 1,

q is 0 or 1, and

r is 0, 1 or 2,

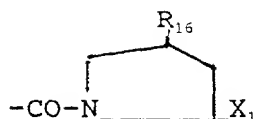
B is -Phe- optionally ring-substituted by halogen, NO_2 , NH_2 , OH, C_{1-3} alkyl and/or C_{1-3} alkoxy, or naphthylalanine.

C is (L)-Trp- or (D)-Trp- optionally α -N-methylated and optionally benzene-ring-substituted by halogen, NO_2 , NH_2 , OH, C_{1-3} alkyl and/or C_{1-3} alkoxy,

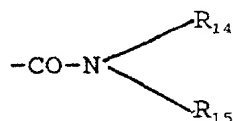
D is -Lys-, ThiaLys, F-Lys, δ F-Lys or Orn, optionally α -N-methylated, or a 4-aminocyclohexyl Ala or 4-aminocyclohexyl Gly residue,

E is Thr, Ser, Val, Phe, Ile or an aminoisobutyric acid residue

F is a group of formula $-\text{COOR}_7$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OR}_{10}$, $-\text{CON} \begin{matrix} \nearrow \text{R}_{11} \\ \searrow \text{R}_{12} \end{matrix}$ or



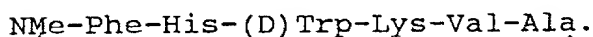
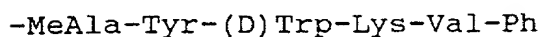
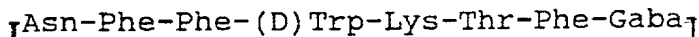
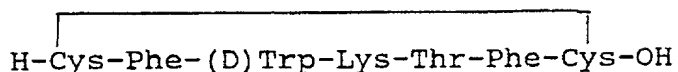
wherein R_7 is hydrogen or C_{1-3} alkyl,
 R_{10} is hydrogen or the residue of a physiologically acceptable, physiologically hydrolysable ester,
 R_{11} is hydrogen, C_{1-3} alkyl, phenyl or C_{7-10} -phenylalkyl,
 R_{12} is hydrogen, C_{1-3} alkyl or a group of formula-
 $CH(R_{13})-X_1$,
 R_{13} is CH_2OH , $-(CH_2)_2-OH$, $-(CH_2)_3-OH$, or $-CH(CH_3)OH$
or
represents the substituent attached to the α -carbon atom of a natural α -amino acid (including hydrogen) and
 X_1 is a group of formula $-COOR_7$, $-CH_2OR_{10}$ or



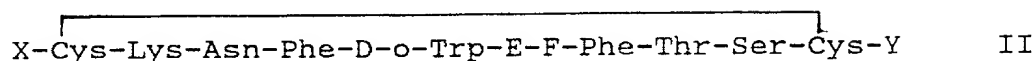
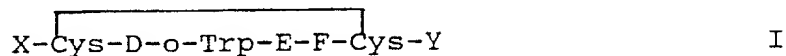
wherein
R₇ and R₁₀ have the meanings given above,
R₁₄ is hydrogen or C₁₋₃alkyl and
R₁₅ is hydrogen, C₁₋₃alkyl, phenyl or C₇₋₁₀phenylalkyl, and
R₁₆ is hydrogen or hydroxy,
with the proviso that
when R₁₂ is -CH(R₁₃)-X₁ then R₁₁ is hydrogen or methyl,
wherein the residues B, D and E have the L-configuration,
and the residues in the 2- and 7-position and any residues
Y₁₋₄ and Y₂₋₄ each independently have the (L)- or (D)-
configuration

and compounds of the following formulae

1. 主要经济指标完成情况	
指标名称	单位
1.1 总产值	万元
1.2 工业增加值	万元
1.3 利润总额	万元
1.4 净利润	万元
1.5 营业收入	万元
1.6 营业成本	万元
1.7 营业税金及附加	万元
1.8 销售费用	万元
1.9 管理费用	万元
1.10 财务费用	万元
1.11 资产减值损失	万元
1.12 公允价值变动损益	万元
1.13 投资收益	万元
1.14 营业外收入	万元
1.15 营业外支出	万元
1.16 所得税费用	万元
1.17 利润总额	万元
1.18 净利润	万元
1.19 归属于母公司所有者的净利润	万元
1.20 少数股东损益	万元
1.21 基本每股收益	元/股
1.22 稀释每股收益	元/股
1.23 加权平均净资产收益率	%
1.24 总资产收益率	%
1.25 净资产收益率	%
1.26 总资产周转率	次/年
1.27 净资产周转率	次/年
1.28 应收账款周转率	次/年
1.29 存货周转率	次/年
1.30 应付账款周转率	次/年
1.31 流动资产周转率	次/年
1.32 固定资产周转率	次/年
1.33 总资产周转率	次/年
1.34 净资产周转率	次/年
1.35 总资产周转率	次/年
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1.98 净资产周转率	次/年
1.99 总资产周转率	次/年
2.00 净资产周转率	次/年

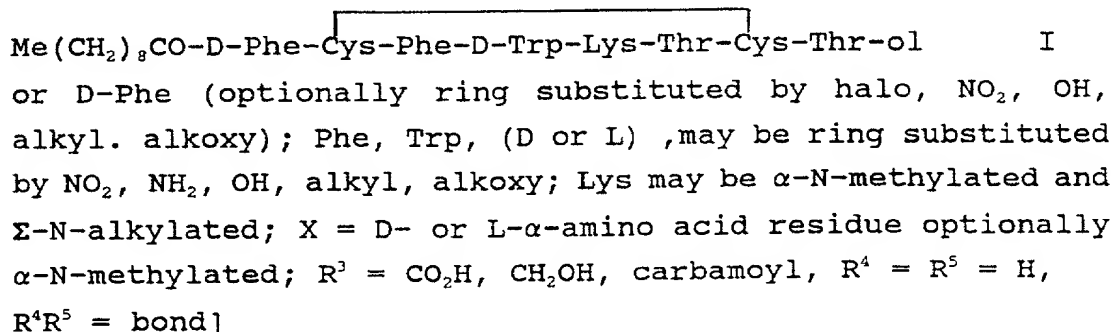


32. Somatostatin analogs

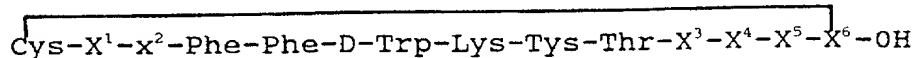


I, II, X = N-terminus anchor; Y = C-terminus anchor, G-I or its alc; wherein at least I of X, Y = cationic anchor; D = Phe Tyr, 3-(p-fluorophenyl)alanine or 3 (p-chlorophenyl)alanine residue; E = Lys, Lys(R¹); R¹ = C₁₋₈(fluoro)alkyl; F = Thr, Val, Ser; G = D- or L-Thr, Phe, or 3-(2-naphthyl)alanine residue; I = OH, NH₂, NHR¹.

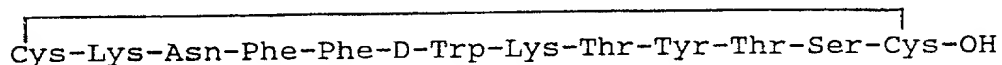
33. Peptides RR¹NCHR²CONHCH(CH₂SR⁴)CO-Phe-Trp-Lys-X-NHCHR³CH₂SR⁵
[R = inorg. or org. acyl group, R¹ = H, alkyl, NCHR²CO moiety = I.



34. H-Ser-Ala-Asn-Ser-Asn-Pro-Ala-X-Ala-Pro-Arg-Glu-Arg-Lys-Ala-Gly-



35. H-Ser-Ala-Asn-Ser-Asn-Pro-Ala-Leu-Ala-Pro-Arg-Glu-Arg-Lys
-Ala-Gly-



Said compounds (34 and 35) appear in Chemical Abstracts 98,
1983 1 43839 q

36. c (Spacer-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr)

Spacer may stand for:

- a) R,S- δ -Bn-o-AMPA
b) R- α -Bn-NMe-o-AMPA
c) Phe-Pro

Said compounds and similar ones appear in Brex et al., Lett. Pept. Sci. 1995, 2 (3/4): 165-8, "Somatostatin analogs containing O-amino methyl phenyl acetic acid as a bridge unit"; and Tourwe, Lett. Pept. Sci. 1995, 2 (3/4): 182-6, "Conformation directed design of cyclic Somatostatin containing a BVI-turn mimetic".

37. H₂N-Ala-Gly-Cys-Lys-Asn-Phe-Phe-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Cys-OH

38. H₂N-Ser-Ala-Asn-Ser-Asn-Pro-Ala-Met-Ala-Pro-Arg-Glu-Arg-Lys-Ala-Gly-Cys-Lys-Asn-Phe-Phe-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Cys-OH

39. D-β-Nal-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys-Thr-NH₂

40. Ac-Phe-Cys-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys-Thr-NH₂

41. D-Phe-Cys-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys-Trp-NH₂

42. D-Trp-Cys-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys-Thr-NH₂

43. D-Phe-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys-Thr-NH₂

44. D-Phe-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys-Trp-NH₂

45. 3-(2-naphthyl)-D-Ala-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys-Thr-NH₂

46. c(Aha-Phe-p-Cl-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe)

Aha = 7 -amino heptanoic acid.

Analogs of Diazoxide and Cyclothiazide are compounds which affect the receptor being adenosine 5'- triphosphate sensitive K⁺ channels.

Suitable analogs of Diazoxide and of Cyclothiazide are indicated, for example, in a paper of Bertolino et al., appearing in Receptor-Channels 1993 1(4):267-78 "Modulation of AMPA/Kainate Receptors by Analogs of diazoxide and cyclothiazide in thin

slices of rat hippocampus". However, the analogs which may be used in the pharmaceutical composition according to the present invention are not restricted to the analogs given in said paper and any other analog having the proper properties may be used.

The pharmaceutical preparation according to the present invention may also comprise additional compounds such as compounds having an additional pharmaceutical effect, carriers, solvents, emulgators, etc.

In view of the fact that diazoxide sometimes has undesired salt and water retention, which may be relieved by certain thiazide diuretics, e.g. 6-chloro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide 1,1-dioxide (Chlorothiazide); 6-chloro-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide 1,1-dioxide (Hydrochlorthiazide); 6-chloro-3-(dichloromethyl)-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide 1,1-dioxide (Trichlormethiazide); or 6-chloro-3,4-di-hydro-2-methyl-3[(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)thiomethyl]-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide 1,1-dioxide (Polythiazide), the pharmaceutical compositions according to the present invention may comprise, in addition to Diazoxide and/or one of its analogs, as an additional compound having a pharmaceutical effect, one or more of the above thiazides or a thiazide having similar properties. Said thiazide diuretics may prevent the salt and water retention.

The present invention also comprises a method for the treatment of the risk factors of syndrome X of Reaven by applying to a patient a pharmaceutically effective dosage of a pharmaceutical preparation according to the present invention comprising a pharmaceutically effective dosage of a compound selected among somatostatin or one of its analogs (as herein defined), diazoxide or one of its analogs (as herein defined), cyclothiazide or one of its analogs (as herein defined) and metformin.

Said dosage should preferably not exceed $50\mu\text{g/kg/day}$ of the active ingredient (calculated on Octreotide), preferably not exceeding $40\mu\text{g/kg/day}$. Said dosage is given in any suitable manner. It may be given as one portion once a day or even in two days or more when given in slow release form, or being divided into 3-4 dosages which are applied in equal periods of time for Octreotide, or 1 - 2 times a day for analogs with a higher $t_{1/2}$.

Said dosage should preferably not exceed 8 mg/kg/day in the treatment of the active ingredient (calculated on diazoxide) in adults, and preferably not exceed 15/mg/day in the treatment of children. The amount of Metformin applied should preferably not exceed 2.5 g/day divided into 2 - 3 portions.

Should any of the above thiazide diuretics be added the added amounts are, for example, the following:

Chlorothiazide: 500 - 2000 mg a day;

Hydrochlorothiazide: 50 - 200 mg a day;

Trichloromethiazide: 12.5 - 50 mg a day;

Polythiazide: 1- 4 mg a day.

Said dosage has to be re-calculated on the basis of the analog being the active ingredient. Moreover, the exact dosages have to be adapted to the condition of the patients and to its specific properties e.g. weight, age, etc.

The composition may be administered in various manners. This depends in particular on the analog being the active ingredient. Thus octreotide is advantageously injected sub-cutaneously as a saline solution. Cyclo(N-Me-Ala-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe) is advantageously administered per os.

The treatment is performed, as indicated above, against the risk factors of syndrome X of Reaven, in particular against the following diseases in order to primarily and secondarily prevent and to treat:

- A.
 1. Ischemic Heart diseases, e.g. Angina Pectoris and Myocard Infarcts;
 2. Cerebral vascular diseases in order to prevent Transient Ischemic attack (TIA) and Cerebrovascular accident (CVA);
 3. Intermittent Claudication;
 4. Ischemic Bowel disease; and
 5. Impotence due to a Periferal vascular disease.
- B. Prevent excessive blood coagulation (high PAI-1 in the blood) in order to primarily prevent MI, CVA, Renal vein trombosis, etc.
- C. Lower body weight (which is also a risk factor for high blood pressure, Glucose Intolerance, etc.)

Said diseases are mainly caused, as indicated above, by a

high resistance to Insulin.

The present invention will now be illustrated with reference to the following experiment (all injections are given into the hollow space of the Peritoneum):

60 fat male rats of the Zucker species, aged 7 weeks having an average weight of 225 g. 54 rats of same are divided into 3 groups:

Group A receives injections of Octreotide in a 0.9% NaCl saline solution in a high dosage (40 μ g/kg/day);

Group B receives injections of Octreotide in a 0.9% NaCl saline solution in a low dosage (20 μ g/kg/day); and

Group C the control group, receives an injection of a 0.9% saline solution. The volume of the 0.9% NaCl is identical with the volume being injected into Group A and B (At the beginning of the tests the rats have approximately the identical weight and they therefore receive the identical volume of injections).

All rats receive the same amount of Food (Pair Fed). Said amount is chosen according to the group eating the lowest amount. Thus, the influence of the drug is isolated.

The rats are located in a room changing light and darkness in order to simulate natural surroundings, as in general they eat in darkness. The rats drink water freely.

The rats are weighed twice a week. At the end of the experiment the rate change of the weight is being calculated. The amount of food eaten per week is measured and the amount eaten each day is calculated. (The influence of the Octreotide on the amount of food eaten by the rats is not checked. They eat the identical amount of food.)

Six rats are tested before the beginning of the experiment. Six rats from each group are separated after 2 weeks, 4 weeks and 8 weeks and an Intra-Peritoneal Glucose Tolerance Test (GTT 1.0g Glucose/kg BW) is performed after a fast of 12 hours during which the rats do not receive any medicament or food.

Blood is taken from the Supra-orbital sinus with slow anaesthesia with CO₂.

At zero time, i.e. before the Glucose load 2 cc of blood are taken from each rat.

$\frac{1}{2}$ cc of blood is put into a test tube which contains Heparin

and the concentrations of Glucose and Insulin are determined; and

1½ cc of blood is put into a test tube which contains Na₂EDTA 0.1% and the concentrations of Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL and LDL are determined.

At 15, 30 and 60 minutes after the Glucose load, ½ cc of blood is taken from each rat and put into a test tube which contains Heparin and the concentrations of Glucose and Insulin are determined.

After the Glucose tolerance test each tested rat "leaves" the experiment.

The materials used in the experiments:

Octreoide manufactured by Sandoz Basel.

0.9% NaCl

30% Glucose

Not sterilized food for mice and rats manufactured by Kopolk, Petach Tikva. Catalogue No. 19510. Gross energy 3,950 kCal/kg. Digestibility energy of the food in rats 3,150 kCal/kg.

The laboratory tests are performed as follows:

1. Glucose is tested by the Glucose Oxidase method in a kit of Boehringer Mannheim called Glucose GOD-Perid Method 2 x 300ml catalogue No. 124028. The test is performed on the day or the following day on which the blood is taken.

2. The Insulin is tested by the Radio Immuno Assay (RIA) by a SB INSIK-5 kit of Sorin Biomedica.

The method is performed by the general method known for the test of Insulin by said kit.

3. The total Cholesterol is tested by the CHOD-PAP method. The total cholesterol comprises VLDL + LDL + HDL. The kit with which the test is performed is manufactured by Boehringer Mannheim and the cholesterol reagent is MPA3 catalogue No. 236691 4 x 500ml.

The HDL is tested by precipitating LDL and VLDL with Heparin MnCl₂ and then the total cholesterol is tested. VLDL is calculated by T.G./5. LDL is calculated by the formula

$$\text{LDL} = \text{total cholesterol} - (\text{VLDL} + \text{HDL})$$

4. The Triglycerides are being tested by the peridochrom T.G. GPO-PAP method. The kit is manufactured by Boehringer

Mannheim and the reagent has catalogue No. 701904 15 x 32ml.

The data received are worked up by standard methods for this purpose. The results show that the Insulin resistance is significantly lowered, there is an increase in the level of HDL and a decrease in the level of LDL and of the Triglycerides. A decrease in the rate of weight gain of young obese rats is observed, which implies a decrease in the weight of adult obese rats.

The Insulin resistance (Insulin Sensitivity Index) is determined using the dynamic test - the Glucose Tolerance Test (GTT). An integration of the area under the curve (AUC) of Glucose and Insulin in the period of $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours is measured and the determination of the ratio between them gives a good estimate of the Insulin resistance.

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Claims:

1. A pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of the risk factors of syndrome X of Reaven comprising as active ingredient a compound selected among somatostatin or one of its analogs (as herein defined), diazoxide or one of its analogs (as herein defined), cyclothiazide or one of its analogs (as herein defined) and metformin.
2. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an additional compound.
3. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an additional compound having an additional pharmaceutical effect.
4. A pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 2 or 3 wherein the additional compound is selected among carriers, solvents and emulgators.
5. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the analog of somatostatin is Octreotide.
6. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the analog of somatostatin is Vapreotide.
7. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the analog of somatostatin is Lanreotide.
8. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the analogs of somatostatin are Cyclopeptide somatostatin analogues selected among :

Cyclo[Pro-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe]

Cyclo[N-Me-Ala-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe]

Cyclo[Pro-Ala-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe]

Cyclo[Pro-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe]

Cyclo[Pro-Phe-D-Trp-Lys- γ -aminobutyric-Phe]

Cyclo[N-Me-Ala-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe]

Cyclo[Pro-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe]

Cyclo[D-Ala-D-Phe-D-Trp-L-Lys-D-Thr-N-Me-D-Phe]

Cyclo[Pro-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr(Bzl)] (Bzl = (a))

Cyclo[Pro-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe]

Cyclo[Pro-D-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr(Bzl)]

Cyclo[Ahep-Lys-Asn-Phe-Phe-Trp-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Thr-Ser] (Ahep = (b))

Cyclo[Ahep-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr(Bzl)]

Cyclo[Ahep-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr]

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Cyclo[Ahep-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Ser(Bzl)]

Cyclo[Ahex-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr(Bzl)]

(Ahex = (c))

Cyclo[Aoct-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr(Bzl)]

(Aoct = (d))

Cyclo[Ala-Cys-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys]

(a) Bzl = benzyl

(b) Ahep = 7-aminoheptanoyl

(c) Ahex = 6-aminohexanoyl

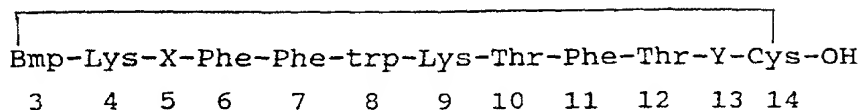
(d) Aoct = 8-amino-octanoyl;

9. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-[Cys-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys]-Thr-ol
10. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Nal-[Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys]-Thr-NH₂ (Nal = (1))
11. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-[Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys]-Nal-NH₂
12. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-[Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys]-Nal-NH₂
13. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-[Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Abu-Cys]-Nal-NH₂ (Abu = (2))
14. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-[Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Ser-Cys]-Nal-NH₂
15. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Nal-[Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys]-Nal-NH₂
16. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
c(Ahep-Trp-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe) (Ahep = (3))
17. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-Cpa-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-NH₂ (Cpa = (4))
18. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-Cpa-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe-Thr-NH₂

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19. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-Phe-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-NH₂
20. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-Phe-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe-Thr-NH₂
21. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-Phe-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe-D-Nal-NH₂
22. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-Ala-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Ala-Nal-NH₂
23. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-Phe-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe-Thr-NH₂
24. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-Phe-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-NH₂
25. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-Phe-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Phe-D-Nal-NH₂
26. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analogs are polypeptides of the formula:
X-Lys-Asn-Phe-Phe-A-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Y
wherein A is L- or D-Trp,
X is H-(Aeg)_m-Cys- or H-(Aeg)_m-Ala-Gly-Cys-,
Y is -Cys-(Aeg)_n-OH or
X and Y taken together are a 2-aminoethyl-glycyl
group in the ring position and
m and n are 0, 1, 2, provided that
m and n are at least 1,
and their cyclic disulfide derivatives.
27. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analogs are peptides of the formula:

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in which

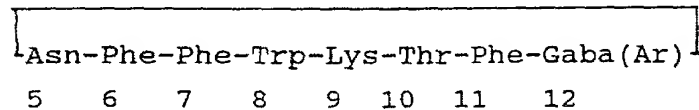
Bmp represents the desaminocysteine radical,

X represents Asn,

trp represents D-Trp that may be substituted in the benzene ring by a halogen atom, and

Y represents the radical of an alpha-(lower alkyl)amino-(lower alkyl)-carboxylic acid having a minimum of 4 and a maximum of 8 carbon atoms, in which the two lower alkyl radicals can be connected to one another with a single C-C bond, an oxygen atom or a sulphur (II) atom.

28. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analogs are cyclic octapeptides of the formula

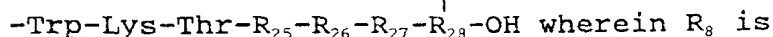
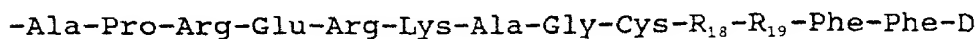
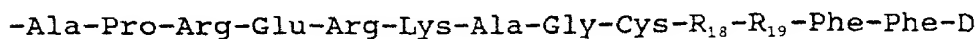


in which

Trp represents L-Trp or D-Trp, in which the benzene ring may be substituted by a fluorine atom, and

Gaba(Ar) represents the residue of α -aminobutyric acid substituted by a cyclic hydrocarbyl radical Ar selected from the group consisting of cyclohexyl; phenyl optionally substituted by halogen, nitro or phenoxy; and naphthyl optionally substituted by halogen.

29. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analogs are compounds of formula



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des R₁₉, R₂₅ is Phe or Tyr, R₂₆ is Thr or des

30. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analogs are compounds of formula

-Arg-Glu-Arg-Lys-Ala-Gly-Cys-R₁₈-R₁₉-Phe-Phe-D-Trp-Lys

Leu, R₁₈ is Lys or des R₁₈, R₁₉ is Asn or des

R₂₇ is Ser or D-Ser and R₂₈ is D-Cys or Cys, or the linear version thereof where the disulfide bridge is replaced by hydrogen.

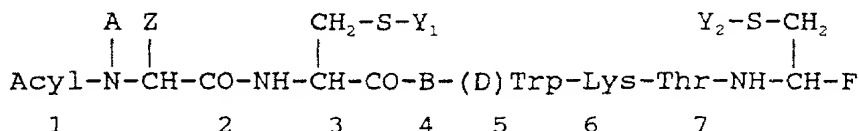
-X - Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Y-Phe

n denotes 0 or 1, and

Y represents an aliphatic or aromatic L-aminoacid the side-

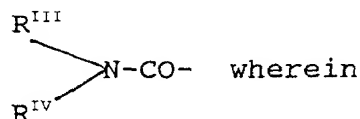
chair of which can be hydroxylated, said amino acid being selected from the group consisting of L-alanine, L-serine, L-valine, L-leucine, L-isoleucine, L-phenylalanine and L-tyrosine.

32. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analogs are N-acyl-polypeptides of formula,



wherein

"Acyl" is a group of formula $\text{R}^{\text{I}}\text{CO-}$ wherein R^{I} is C_{1-20} alkyl or phenyl; a group of formula $\text{R}^{\text{II}}\text{SO}_2\text{-}$ wherein R^{II} is C_{1-20} alkyl, phenyl or tolyl; a group



R^{III} and R^{IV} are each independently hydrogen or C_{1-10} alkyl; or biotinyl,

A is hydrogen or C_{1-3} alkyl,

$>\text{N-CH(Z)-CO-}$ is an (L)- or (D)-phenylalanine residue optionally ring-substituted by NO_2 , or an (L) or (D)-norleu-

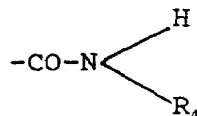
cine residue,

whereby

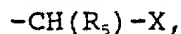
Z in $>\text{N-CH(Z)-CO-}$ represents the remainder of said residue,

B is -Phe- optionally ring-substituted by NO_2 ,

F is a group of formula

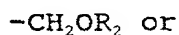


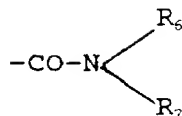
wherein R_4 is hydrogen or a group of formula



R_5 is $\text{CH}_3\text{CH(OH)-}$, i-butyl or benzyl

X is a group of formula -COOR_1 ,





wherein R_1 , R_6 and R_7 are each hydrogen or C_{1-3} alkyl, and

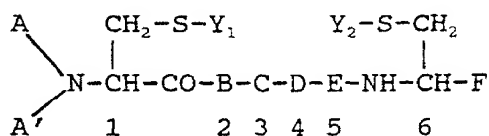
R_2 is hydrogen or the residue of a physiologically acceptable, physiologically hydrolysable ester,

the group $-\text{CH}(\text{R}_5)-\text{X}$ having the (D)- or (L)-configuration, and

Y_1 and Y_2 are each hydrogen or together represent a direct bond, whereby the residue resides in the 2- and 7-position each independently have the (L)- or (D)-configuration, and with the proviso that:

- i) (L)- and/or (D)-cysteine residues are present at the 2- and 7-positions only.

33. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analogs are polypeptides of the formula



wherein

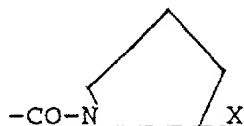
A is C_{1-12} alkyl, C_{7-10} phenylalkyl or a group of formula $\text{RCO}-$, whereby

- i) R is hydrogen, C_{1-11} alkyl, phenyl or C_{7-10} phenylalkyl, or
- ii) $\text{RCO}-$ is a) an L- or D-phenylalanine residue optionally ring-substituted by halogen and/or C_{1-3} alkyl,
 - b) H-Asn-, or
 - c) H-Nle-Asn-,
 the α -amino group of amino acid residues a) and b) and the N-terminal amino group of dipeptide residues c) being optionally mono- or di- C_{1-12} alkylated,

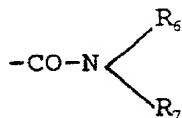
0954600 0349 66TFO 00945260

A' is hydrogen or, when A is C₁₋₁₂alkyl or C₇₋₁₀phenylalkyl, also C₁₋₁₂alkyl or C₇₋₁₀phenylalkyl,
B is -Phe- optionally ring-substituted by halogen and/or C₁₋₃alkyl,
C is -(L)- or -(D)-Trp- optionally α -N-methylated and optionally benzene-ring-substituted by halogen and/or C₁₋₃alkyl,
D is -Lys- optionally α -N-methylated and optionally Σ -N-C₁₋₃-alkylated,
E is -Thr- or -Ala- each in (D)- or (L)-form and each being optionally α -N-methylated,

F is a group of formula $-\text{COOR}_1$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OR}_2$, $-\text{CO}-\text{N} \begin{array}{l} \nearrow \text{R}_3 \\ \searrow \text{R}_4 \end{array}$ or



wherein R₁ is hydrogen or C₁₋₃alkyl,
R₂ is hydrogen or the residue of a physiologically acceptable, physiologically hydrolysable ester,
R₃ is hydrogen, C₁₋₃alkyl, phenyl or C₇₋₁₀-phenylalkyl,
R₄ is hydrogen, C₁₋₃alkyl or, when R₃ is hydrogen or methyl, also a group of formula -CH(R₅)-X,
R₅ is hydrogen, -(CH₂)₂-OH, -(CH₂)₃-OH, -CH₂-OH, -CH(CH₃)-OH, isobutyl or benzyl
X is a group of formula -COOR₁, -CH₂OR₂ or

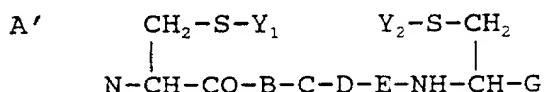


wherein

R₁ and R₂ have the meanings given above,
R₆ is hydrogen or C₁₋₃alkyl and
R₇ is hydrogen, C₁₋₃alkyl, phenyl or
C₇₋₁₀phenylalkyl,

the group $-\text{CH}(\text{R}_5)-\text{X}$ having the D- or L- configuration, and Y_1 and Y_2 are each hydrogen or together represent a direct bond, whereby the residues in the 1- and 6-position each independently have the L- or D-configuration.

34. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is a compound of formula



A

wherein

A is C_{1-12} alkyl, C_{7-10} phenylalkyl or a group of formula $\text{RCO}-$, whereby

i) R is hydrogen, C_{1-11} alkyl, phenyl or C_{7-10} phenylalkyl or

ii) $\text{RCO}-$ is

a) an L- or D-phenylalanine residue optionally ring-substituted by F, Cl, Br, NO_2 , NH_2 , OH, C_{1-3} alkyl and/or C_{1-3} alkoxy;

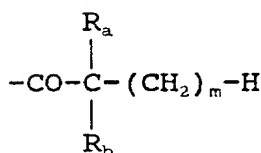
b) the residue of a natural or synthetic α -amino acid other than defined under a) above or of a corresponding D-amino acid, or

c) a dipeptide residue in which the individual amino acid residues are the same or different and are selected from those defined under a) and/or b) above,

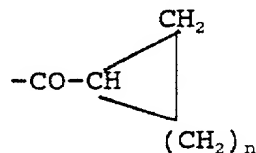
C_{1-8} alkanoyl,

A' is hydrogen,

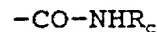
Y_1 and Y_2 represent together a direct bond or each of Y_1 and Y_2 is independently hydrogen or a radical of formulae (1) to (5).



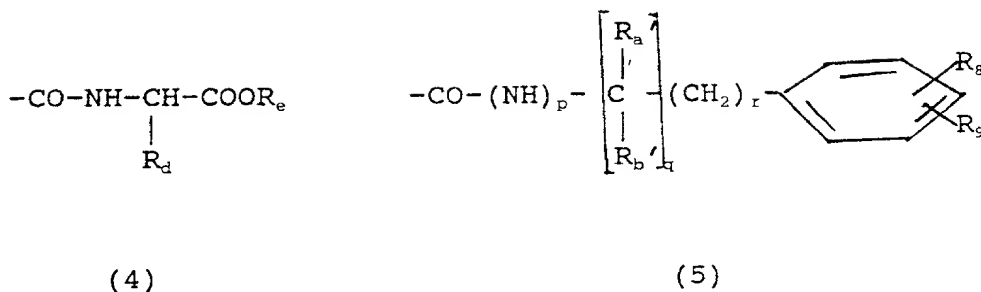
(1)



(2)

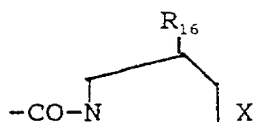
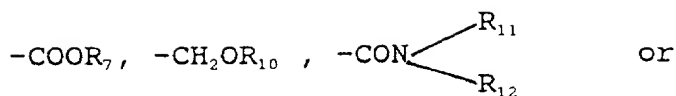


(3)



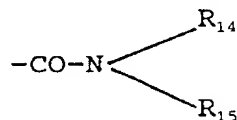
wherein

- R_a is methyl or ethyl
 R_b is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl
 m is a whole number from 1 to 4
 n is a whole number from 1 to 5
 R_c is (C_{1-6}) alkyl
 R_d represents the substituent attached to the α -carbon atom of a natural or synthetic α -amino acid (including hydrogen)
 R_e is (C_{1-5}) alkyl
 R_a' and R_b' are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl,
 R_8 and R_9 are independently hydrogen, halogen, (C_{1-3}) alkyl or (C_{1-3}) alkoxy,
 P is 0 or 1,
 q is 0 or 1, and
 r is 0, 1 or 2,
 B is -Phe- optionally ring-substituted by halogen, NO_2 , NH_2 , OH, C_{1-3} alkyl and/or C_{1-3} alkoxy (including pentafluoroalanine), or β -naphthyl-Ala
 C is (L)-Trp- or (d)-Trp- optionally α -N-methylated and optionally benzene-ring-substituted by halogen, NO_2 , NH_2 , OH, C_{1-3} alkyl and/or C_{1-3} alkoxy,
 D is Lys, Lys in which the side chain contains O or S in β -position, F-Lys or δ F-Lys, optionally α -N-methylated, or a 4-aminocyclohexylAla or 4-aminocyclohexylGly residue
 E is The, Ser, Val, Phe, Ile or an aminoisobutyric or aminobutyric acid residue
 G is a group of formula



wherein

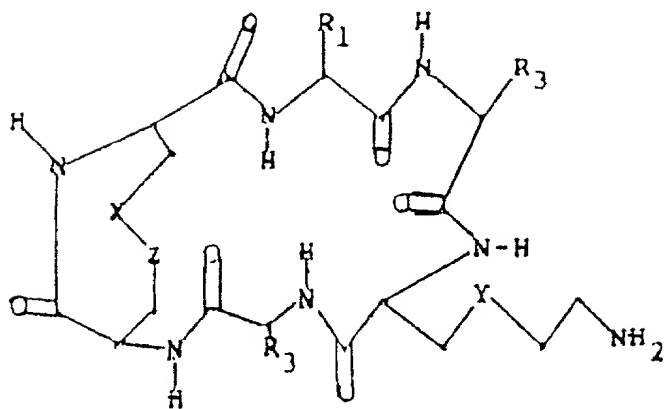
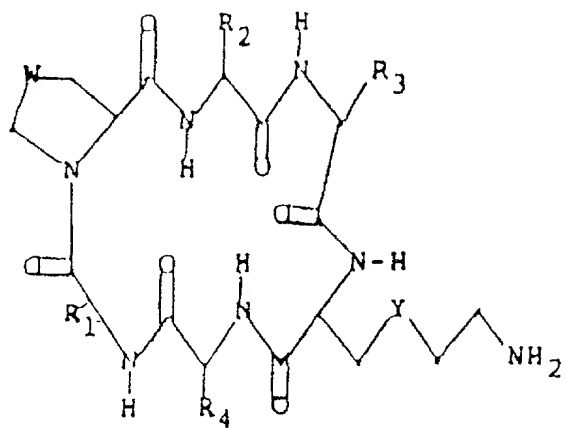
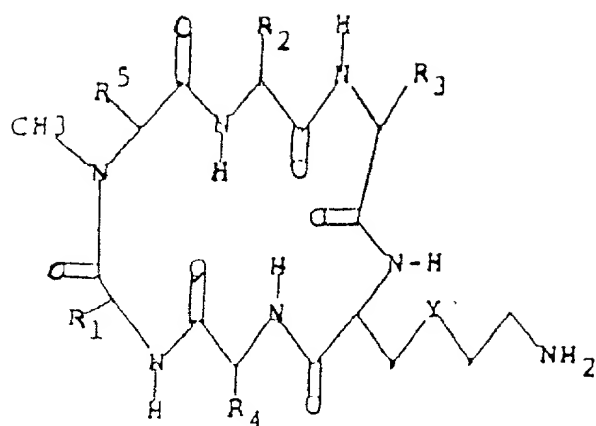
- R_7 is hydrogen or C_{1-3} alkyl,
 R_{10} is hydrogen or the residue of a physiologically acceptable, physiologically hydrolysable ester,
 R_{11} is hydrogen, C_{1-9} alkyl, phenyl or C_{7-10} phenyl-alkyl,
 R_{12} is hydrogen, C_{1-3} alkyl or a group of formula $-\text{CH}(\text{R}_{13})-\text{X}_1$,
 R_{13} is CH_2OH , $-(\text{CH}_2)_2-\text{OH}$, $-(\text{CH}_2)_3-\text{OH}$, or $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{OH}$ or represents the substituent attached to the α -carbon atom of a natural or synthetic α -amino acid (including hydrogen) and
 X_1 is a group of formula $-\text{COOR}_7$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OR}_{10}$ or



wherein

- R_7 and R_{10} have the meanings given above,
 R_{14} is hydrogen or C_{1-3} alkyl and
 R_{15} is hydrogen, C_{1-3} alkyl, phenyl or C_{7-10} phenylalkyl, and
 R_{16} is hydrogen or hydroxy,
 with the proviso that
 when R_{12} is $-\text{CH}(\text{R}_{13})-\text{X}_1$ then R_{11} is hydrogen or methyl,
 wherein the residues B, D and E have the L-configuration, and the residues in the 2- and 7-position and any residues Y_1 4) and Y_2 4) each independently have the (L)- or (D)- configuration.

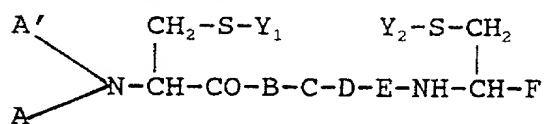
35. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the analog is a somatostatin analog selected from the compounds of the following formulae



wherein

W is S or $(CH_2)_s$ where s is 0, 1 or 2;
 one of X and Z is S and the other is S or CH_2 ;
 Y is S or $(CH_2)_t$ where t is 0, 1 or 2;
 each of R_1 and R_2 independently of the other, is C_{1-5} alkyl, benzyl, benzyl having one or two C_{1-5} alkyl, halogen, hydroxy, amino, nitro, and/or C_{1-5} alkoxy substituents, or C_{1-5} alkyl substituted with 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic ring;
 R_3 is 3-indolymethyl, either unsubstituted or having C_{1-5} alkyl, C_{1-5} alkoxy or halogen substitution;
 R_4 C_{1-5} alkyl, C_{1-5} hydroxyalkyl, benzyl, carboxy- $(C_{1-5}$ alkyl), amino $(C_{1-5}$ alkyl) or benzyl having a C_{1-5} alkyl, halogen, hydroxy, amino, nitro and/or C_{1-5} alkoxy substituent;
 R_5 is C_{1-5} alkyl, benzyl, or benzyl having a C_{1-5} alkyl, halogen, hydroxy, amino, nitro, and/or C_{1-5} alkoxy substituent,

compounds of formula



wherein

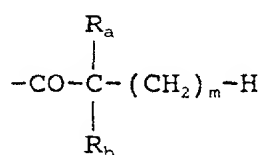
A is C_{1-12} alkyl, C_{7-10} phenylalkyl or a group of formula RCO-, whereby

- i) R is hydrogen, C_{1-11} alkyl, phenyl or C_{7-10} phenylalkyl, or
- ii) RCO-is
 - a) an L- or D-phenylalanine residue optionally ring-substituted by F, Cl, Br, NO_2 , NH_2 , OH, C_{1-3} alkyl and/or C_{1-3} alkoxy
 - b) the residue of a natural α -amino acid other than defined under a) above or of a corresponding D-amino acid, or
 - c) a dipeptide residue in which the individual amino acid

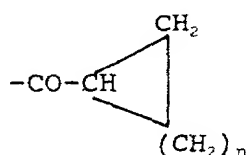
residues are the same or different and are selected from those defined under a) and/or b) above, the α -amino group or amino acid residues a) and b) and the N-terminal amino group of dipeptide residues c) being optionally mono- or di- C_{1-12} alkylated,

A' is hydrogen or, when A is C_{1-12} alkyl or C_{7-10} phenylalk- also C_{1-12} alkyl or C_{7-10} phenylalkyl,

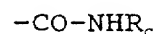
Y_1 and Y_2 represent together a direct bond or each of Y_1 and Y_2 is independently hydrogen or a radical of the formulae



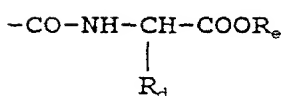
(1)



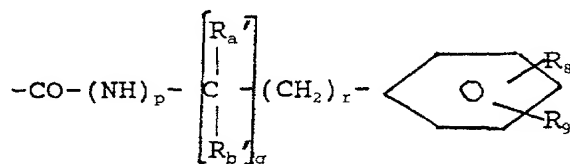
(2)



(3)



(4)



(5)

wherein R_a is methyl or ethyl

R_b is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl

m is a whole number from 1 to 4

n is a whole number from 1 to 5

R_c is (C_{1-6}) alkyl

R_d represents the substituent attached to the α -carbon atom of a natural α -amino acid (including hydrogen)

R_e is (C_{1-5}) alkyl

R_a' and R_b' are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl,

R_8 and R_9 are independently hydrogen, halogen, (C_{1-3}) alkyl or (C_{1-3}) alkoxy,

p is 0 or 1,

q is 0 or 1, and

r is 0, 1 or 2,

B is -Phe- optionally ring-substituted by halogen, NO_2 , NH_2 ,

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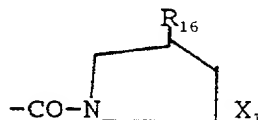
OH, C₁₋₃alkyl and/or C₁₋₃alkoxy, or naphthylalanine.

C is (L)-Trp- or (D)-Trp- optionally α-N-methylated and optionally benzene-ring-substituted by halogen, NO₂, NH₂, OH, C₁₋₃ alkyl and/or C₁₋₃ alkoxy,

D is -Lys-, ThiaLys, F-Lys, δF-Lys or Orn, optionally α-N-methylated, or a 4-aminocyclohexyl Ala or 4-aminocyclohexyl Gly residue,

E is Thr, Ser, Val, Phe, Ile or an aminoisobutyric acid residue

F is a group of formula $-\text{COOR}_7$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OR}_{10}$, $-\text{CON} \begin{array}{l} \nearrow \text{R}_{11} \\ \searrow \text{R}_{12} \end{array}$ or



wherein R₇ is hydrogen or C₁₋₃alkyl,

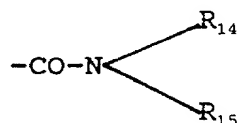
R₁₀ is hydrogen or the residue of a physiologically acceptable, physiologically hydrolysable ester,

R₁₁ is hydrogen, C₁₋₃alkyl, phenyl or C₇₋₁₀-phenylalkyl,

R₁₂ is hydrogen, C₁₋₃alkyl or a group of formula-CH(R₁₃)-X₁,

R₁₃ is CH₂OH, -(CH₂)₂-OH, -(CH₂)₃-OH, or -CH(CH₃)OH or represents the substituent attached to the α-carbon atom of a natural α-amino acid (including hydrogen) and

X₁ is a group of formula $-\text{COOR}_7$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{OR}_{10}$ or



wherein

R₇ and R₁₀ have the meanings given above,

R₁₄ is hydrogen or C₁₋₃alkyl and

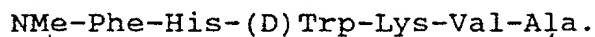
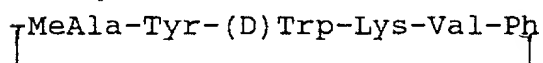
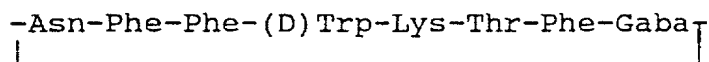
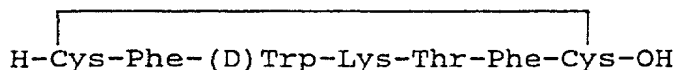
R₁₅ is hydrogen, C₁₋₃alkyl, phenyl or C₇₋₁₀phenylalkyl, and

R₁₆ is hydrogen or hydroxy,

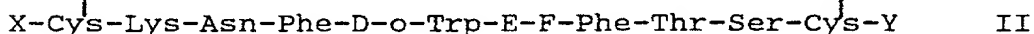
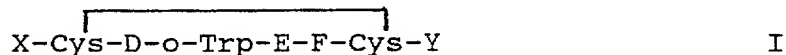
with the proviso that

when R₁₂ is -CH(R₁₃)-X₁ then R₁₁ is hydrogen or methyl,

wherein the residues B, D and E have the L-configuration, and the residues in the 2- and 7-position and any residues Y_1 , 4) and Y_2 , 4) each independently have the (L)- or (D)-configuration and compounds of the following formulae

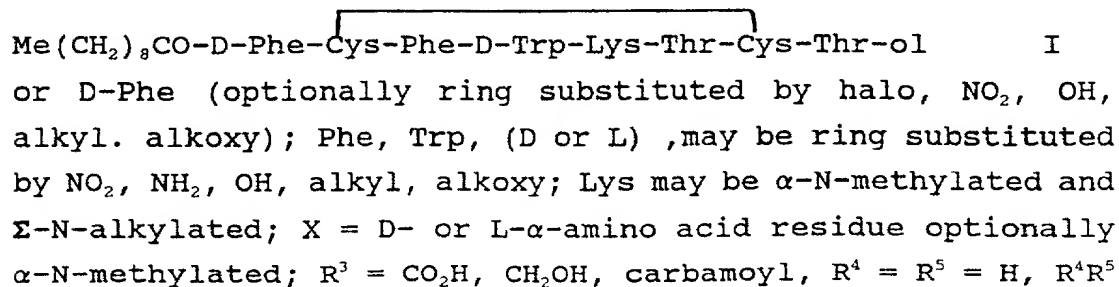


36. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the analogs are Somatostatin analogs



I, II, X = N-terminus anchor; Y = C-terminus anchor, G-I or its alc; wherein at least I of X, Y = cationic anchor; D = Phe Tyr, 3-(p-fluorophenyl)alanine or 3 (p-chlorophenyl)alanine residue; E = Lys, Lys(R^1); R^1 = C_{1-8} (fluoro)alkyl; F = Thr, Val, Ser; G = D- or L-Thr, Phe, or 3-(2-naphthyl)alanine residue; I = OH, NH_2 , NHR^1 .

37. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analogs are peptides:
 $RR^1NCHR^2CONHCH(CH_2SR^4)CO-Phe-Trp-Lys-X-NHCHR^3CH_2SR^5$
 [R = inorg. or org. acyl group, R^1 = H, alkyl, $NCHR^2CO$ moiety = I.



= bond]

38. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:

H-Ser-Ala-Asn-Ser-Asn-Pro-Ala-X-Ala-Pro-Arg-Glu-Arg-Lys-Ala-Gly

Cys-X¹-X²-Phe-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Tys-Thr-X³-X⁴-X⁵-X⁶-OH

39. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:

H-Ser-Ala-Asn-Ser-Asn-Pro-Ala-Leu-Ala-Pro-Arg-Glu-Arg-Lys-Ala-Gly-

Cys-Lys-Asn-Phe-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Tyr-Thr-Ser-Cys-OH

40. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is

c(Spacer-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr)

Spacer may stand for:

- a) R,S- δ -Bn-o-AMPA
- b) R- α -Bn-NMe-o-AMPA
- c) Phe-Pro

41. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:

H₂N-Ala-Gly-Cys-Lys-Asn-Phe-Phe-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Cys-OH

42. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:

H₂N-Ser-Ala-Asn-Ser-Asn-Pro-Ala-Met-Ala-Pro-Arg-Glu-Arg-Lys-Ala-Gly-Cys-Lys-Asn-Phe-Phe-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Cys-OH

43. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatim analog is:

D- β -Nal-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys-Thr-NH₂

44. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:

Ac-Phe-Cys-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys-Thr-NH₂

45. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:

D-Phe-Cys-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys-Trp-NH₂

46. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to

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- 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Trp-Cys-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys-Thr-NH₂
47. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys-Thr-NH₂
48. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
D-Phe-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys-Trp-NH₂
49. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
3-(2-naphthyl)-D-Ala-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys-Thr-NH₂
50. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the somatostatin analog is:
c(Aha-Phe-p-Cl-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe)
Aha = 7 -amino heptanoic acid.
51. A pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the active ingredient is diazoxide and comprises in addition a thiazide selected among chlorothiazide, hydrochlorothiazide, trichloromethiazide and polythiazide.
52. A method for the treatment of symptoms of syndrome X by applying to a patient a pharmaceutical composition according to any of Claims 1 to 51 comprising a pharmaceutically effective dosage of a compound selected among somatostatin or one of its analogs (as herein defined), diazoxide or one of its analogs (as herein defined), cyclothiazide or one of its analogs (as herein defined) and metformin.
53. A method according to Claim 52, wherein the pharmaceutically effective dosage (calculated on octreotide) does not exceed 50 μ/kg/day.
54. A method according to Claim 53, wherein said dosage does not exceed 40 μ/kg/day.
55. A method according to any of Claims 52 to 54 wherein the analog is Octreotide which is applied in the form of an injection in a 0.9% saline solution.
56. A method according to Claim 52, wherein said dosage does not exceed 8 mg/kg/day in the treatment of the active ingredient (calculated on diazoxide) in adults, and does not exceed 15 mg/day in the treatment of children.

57. A method according to Claim 52, wherein the amount of metformin applied does not exceed 2.5 g/day divided into 2 - 3 portions.
58. Use of a compound selected among somatostatin or one of its analogs (as herein defined), diazoxide or one of its analogs (as herein defined), cyclothiazide or one of its analogs (as herein defined) and metformin in a preparation for the treatment of the risk factors of syndrome X of Reaven substantially as described in the specification.

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APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES PATENT

Declaration for Patent Application

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled **PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION FOR THE TREATMENT OF SYNDROME X OF REAVEN** the specification of which (check at least one)

2 (File no. _____)
 3 ☒ is attached hereto
 4 ☐ was filed on _____ as (S) U.S. Application Serial No. _____
 6 ☐ and was amended on _____ (if applicable)

Use this portion only if you are entering the U.S. National phase based on a PCT International Application designating the U.S.	7 <input type="checkbox"/>	was filed as PCT international application	
	8	Number PCT IL 97/00301	
	9	on 10TH SEPTEMBER, 1997	
	10	and was amended under PCT Article(s) 19 and/or 34 _____ (if applicable).	
	11	priority date claimed in PCT International Application	
	ISRAEL	119250	12TH SEPTEMBER, 1997
	ISRAEL	119403	10TH OCTOBER, 1997
	(Country)	(Number)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)

I hereby declare that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended, by any amendment referred to above

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me which is material to patentability in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date earlier than that of the application(s) on which priority is claimed:

Prior (Foreign) Application(s) and Priority Claims Under 35 U.S.C. §119

(Country)	(Number)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	Priorly Claimed
			<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
			<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

Do not use this portion to identify a PCT application if the same application is the U.S. National phase of that PCT application	12	I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States of America that is/are listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in that/those prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which became available between filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.		
		(U.S. Application Number)	(U.S. Filing Date)	Status (patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby appoint the following attorneys of the firm of **STEVENS, DAVIS, MILLER & MOSHER, L.L.P.** as my attorneys of record with full power of substitution and revocation to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office:

James E. Ledbetter, Reg. No. 28732; Thomas P. Pavelko, Reg. No. 31689; and Anthony P. Venturino, Reg. No. 31674

ALL CORRESPONDENCE IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION SHOULD BE SENT TO STEVENS, DAVIS, MILLER & MOSHER, L.L.P., 1615 L Street, N.W., Suite #50, Washington, D.C. 20036. Mailing Address: P.O. Box 34387, Washington, D.C. 20043. TELEPHONE (202) 408-5100 FACSIMILE (202) 408-5200 or (202) 408-5088.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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PAGE 2 OF U.S.A. DECLARATION FORM

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